

Florida Department of Environmental Protection REQUEST FOR INCLUSION ON THE DRINKING WATER PRIORITY LIST

Drinking Water State Revolving Fund Program
Douglas Building, 3900 Commonwealth Blvd, Tallahassee, Florida 32399-3000

The information contained in this Request for Inclusion (RFI) application is used to determine project eligibility and priority scoring. The priority score is used to rank projects for placement on the State Revolving Fund (SRF) priority list. Only projects placed on the fundable portion of the priority list receive consideration for a loan. Please note that costs incurred before the adoption of the project on the fundable portion of the priority list at a public meeting are not eligible for reimbursement. The loan service fee, based on a percentage of the loan amount, will be determined in accordance with 62-552.200(18), F.A.C.

<u>Please Note:</u> This application must be completed in its entirety before it can be processed to determine sponsor eligibility.

1. Applicant's Name an	d Address.					
Project Sponsor:		Contact Person:		Title:		
				-		
(street address)						
		<u></u>				
(city)			(county)		(zip code)	
(telephone) ((ext.)		(e-mail)			
Contact Person Address (i	f different):					
		(street address)	(city)	(state)	(zip code)	
2 Name and Address of	f Annlicant's Consult	ant (if any)				
2. Name and Address of Applicant's Consulta Firm:		Contact Person:		Title:		
(street address)						
(city)			(zip code)			
(telephone)	(ext.)		(e-mail)			
3. Type of Loan Request	ed in this Application	. Select only one loa	ın category.			
Planning Loan	Design 1		nning and Design Loan	Constructio	n Loan 🔲	
Select Type of Project:	Design/Bid/Build	Design/Build	(D/B) Construction	on Manager at Risl	(CMAR)	
Eligibility for a Loan	In order to be consider	ed for a priority listin	g, the following conditions	must be met:		

- The respondent to this solicitation must qualify as a "project sponsor" as defined in 62-552.200(26), F.A.C.;
- The minimum construction loan amount is \$75,000;
- The project sponsor must agree to submit biddable plans and specifications within 1-year after being placed on the fundable portion of the priority list to qualify for a combined planning and design loan; and

	•	The project is part of a public water system as defined in 62-552.200(27), F.A.C., and may include drinking water supply, storage, transmission, treatment, disinfection, distribution, residuals management, and appurtenant facilities.					
4.	. Principal Forgiveness Percentage (PF%). Is project sponsor eligible for a loan with principal forgiveness? Yes \(\subseteq \text{No } \subseteq \) (see eligibility requirements below). All applicants must complete a. and b. below.						
	a.	Is project sponsor applying for a planning and/or design loan with principal forgiveness? Yes \(\subseteq \) No \(\subseteq \). If yes, then PF 50%. Only a sponsor that directly qualifies as a financially disadvantaged small community is eligible for a planning and/or design loan with principal forgiveness.					
	b.	Is project sponsor applying for a construction loan with principal forgiveness? Yes \square No \square . If yes, then calculate PF% using the formula: $PF\% = 1760/9 - 160 \times (MHI/SMHI) - 7/4500 \times P$. All applicants must complete 1. through 5. below.					
		 Median household income (MHI): (per recent ACS 5-yr estimate U.S. Census Bureau or verifiable estimates) State median household income (SMHI): (per recent ACS 5-year estimate U.S. Census Bureau) Population (P) served: (no. of service connections x persons/connection, include proposed connections) Calculated PF% for a construction loan: 20% principal forgiveness if MHI < SMHI and P > 10,000 or 0% if MHI > SMHI, unless sponsor is specifically exempted. A maximum of 50% principal forgiveness if the sponsor is connecting a disadvantaged community or has a separate water system as defined below. 					
		5. Select Type of Project Sponsor:					
		Disadvantaged/Small Disadvantaged Only Separate or Connecting Disadvantaged/Small Other					
		Please note that the calculated PF% is an estimate and the actual percentage will be determined by the Department. The maximum principal forgiveness percentage for a construction loan is 90% and the minimum is 20%. A qualifying sponsor is eligible to receive a maximum 50% principal forgiveness for the costs to complete an asset management plan in accordance with 62-552.700(7), F.A.C., if part of a construction loan. The amount of loan available with principal forgiveness for a project is dependent upon allocated funds for the fiscal year.					
	Elig	gibility for a loan with principal forgiveness. In order to be considered for a loan with principal forgiveness, the following					
	con	ditions must be met:					
	•	The project sponsor must qualify as a financially disadvantaged small community public water system as defined in Rule 62-552.200, F.A.C., unless the sponsor is specifically exempted from this requirement.					
	•	The median household income (MHI) of the sponsor's service area must be less than the state median household income (SMHI) as reported from the most recent census data or from verifiable estimates, unless the sponsor is specifically exempted from this requirement.					
	•	The population (P) of the sponsor's service area must be less than 10,000 (including future connections proposed by the project), unless the sponsor is specifically exempted from this requirement.					
	•	The project sponsor shall have only one open loan with principal forgiveness. A loan shall be considered open until the final disbursement has been paid by the department.					
	•	A sponsor that connects less than 250 residential private wells or connects an existing public water system with less than 250 service connections is eligible for a construction loan with principal forgiveness up to a maximum of 50% if the connected community qualifies as financially disadvantaged.					
	•	A sponsor that owns and operates a separate, non-interconnected, public water system that qualifies as a financially disadvantaged small community, regardless of the number of systems owned and operated by the sponsor, is eligible for a construction loan with principal forgiveness for that system up to a maximum of 50%.					
	•	A financially disadvantaged community with a population of 10,000 or more is eligible for a construction loan with 20% principal forgiveness if dollars are available after funding all eligible financially disadvantaged small community systems.					
5.	Inte	rest Rate Percentage.					
	The	interest rate for a loan with the Department is determined using the formula:					
		% of MR = $40 \text{ x (MHI/SMHI)} + 15$					
		% of MR = Percentage of Market Rate.					
	Cal	culate and complete the % of MR below:					
		% of MR for a loan:					
		$(35\% \le \% \text{ of } MR \le 75\%)$					

Please note that the calculated % of MR is an estimate and the actual interest rate will be determined by the Department. The market rate shall be established using the Thomson Publishing Corporation's "Bond Buyer" 20-Bond GO Index. Projects with a drinking water supply component as defined in 403.8532(9)(a), F.S. or a water conservation component per 62-552.300(1)(e)1.d.;

and sponsors with an accepted/implemented asset management plan may qualify for additional interest rate reductions in accordance with 62-552.300(6)(b), F.A.C. Interest rate reductions are also available for implementation of EPA's Davis-Bacon (DB) and American Iron & Steel (AIS) requirements. The interest rate for a loan shall not be less than zero percent.

6. Base Priority Score. Each project shall receive a base priority score (BPS) dependent on the weighted average of its components. The BPS shall be determined using the below formula where CPS means the component priority score and CCC means component construction cost.

$$BPS = [CPS_1 \times CCC_1 + ... + CPS_n \times CCC_n]/Total Construction Cost$$

Select each component and component score in Table 1 below that applies to the project, fill in the estimated construction cost, and calculate the base priority score.

- Component priority scores that are based on contaminant levels must be justified by sample analytical data (see exception in notes at bottom of Table 1). The date that samples were collected must be less than 24-months from the date of submittal of a Request for Inclusion. The sampling data must show an ongoing and current problem with a drinking water quality standard.
- The project sponsor must provide documentation demonstrating that contaminant levels (e.g. disinfection byproducts) cannot be reduced by adjusting system operations, if applicable.
- A compliance-1 category component score of 400 points, if selected in Table 1, must be supported by documentation demonstrating the need for the project; otherwise, a component score of 300 points shall be assigned.

Table 1

Project Component (Check all items that apply)	Component Priority Score	Component Construction Cost
Acute Public Health Risk ☐ 1a. E-Coli or Fecal Coliform Exceed MCL (62-550.310(5), F.A.C.) ☐ 1b. Nitrate, Nitrite, or Total Nitrogen Exceed MCL (62-550.310(1), F.A.C., Table 1) ☐ 1c. Lead or Copper Exceed Action Level (62-550.800, F.A.C) ☐ 1d. Surface Water Filtration and Disinfection Noncompliance (62-550.817(2), F.A.C.)	800 points	
Potential Acute Public Health Risk ☐ 2a. Nitrate, Nitrite, or Total Nitrogen 50% of MCL (62-550.310(1), F.A.C., Table 1) ☐ 2b. Microbiologicals Exceed MCL (62-550.310(5), F.A.C.) ☐ 2c. Surface Water Enhanced Filtration and Disinfect. Noncompliance (62-550.817(3), F.A.C.) ☐ 2d. State Health Certification of Acute Health Risk, Unregulated Microbiological Contaminant ☐ 2e. Violation of Disinfection Requirement (62-550.310(2), F.A.C., Table 2)	700 points	
Chronic Public Health Risk ☐ 3a. Inorganic or Organic Contaminant Exceed MCL (62-550.310(1 & 4), F.A.C., Tables 1,4,5) ☐ 3b. Disinfection Byproducts Exceed MCL (62-550.310(3), F.A.C., Table 3) ☐ 3c. Radionuclides Exceed MCL (62-550.310(6), F.A.C)	600 points	_
Potential Chronic Public Health Risk ☐ 4a. Inorganic or Organic Contaminant 50% of MCL (62-550.310(1 & 4), F.A.C., Tables 1,4,5) ☐ 4b. Disinfection Byproducts 80% of MCL (62-550.310(3), F.A.C., Table 3) ☐ 4c. State Health Certification of Chronic Health Risk, Unregulated Chemical Contaminant	500 points	
Compliance-1/System does not meet or requires the following: □ 5a. Infrastructure upgrade to facilities undersized, exceed useful life, or with equipment failures □ 5b. Insufficient water supply source, treatment capacity, or storage □ 5c. Water distribution system pressure less than 20 psi □ 5d. Eliminate dead ends and provide adequate looping in a distribution system □ 5e. Replace distribution mains to correct continual leaks, pipe breaks, and water outages □ 5f. New water system or extension of existing system to replace contaminated/low yield wells □ 5g. Lack of significant safety measures (e.g. chemical containment) □ 5h. Secondary Contaminant MCL Exceedance (62-550.320, F.A.C.) □ 5i. Drinking water supply project as defined in 403.8532(9)(a), F.S.	400 points	

	Compliance-2/System does not meet or requires the following: ☐ 6a. Treatment, Storage, Power, and Distribution Requirements ☐ 6b. Minimum Required Number of Wells (62-555.315(2), F.A. ☐ 6c. Well Set-back and Construction Requirements (62-555.312) ☐ 6d. Cross-Connection Control Requirements (62-555.360, F.A. ☐ 6e. Physical Security Project Documented in a Vulnerability A. ☐ 6f. Consolidation or regionalization of public water systems ☐ 6g. Water/Energy Conservation Project	(62-555.320, F.A.C) C) 30 and 62-555.315, F.A.C) C)	0 points					
<u>A</u>	All Other Projects	<u>10</u>	0 points					
<u>Voi</u>	Note: If item 2d. or 4c. of Table 1 is selected, then a State He Risk". If 50% or more of residential wells meet contamina risk category that applies. Flooded wells and wells under microbiological potential acute public health risk and require	nt levels indicated in Table 1, then control the direct influence of surface was	heck the appropriate public health ter are considered an unregulated					
7.	Affordability Score. The extent of affordability existing in a small community to be served by the project shall be reflected in the priority score. Points shall be awarded based upon two affordability criteria: namely, median household income (MHI) and service area population (P). These points are to be added to the base priority score. Calculate the affordability score using the following formula:							
	Affordability $Score = (MHI\ Score + Population\ Score)$ $MHI\ Score = 100\ x\ (1.00 - MHI/SMHI)$ $Zero \leq MHI\ score \leq 75, rounded$ $Population\ Score = 50.0 - (P/200)$ $Population\ score \geq zero, rounded$							
8.	points added to their priority score if the sponsor provides a Plan Guidelines web site https://www3.epa.gov/watersense/	Water Conservation Score. A project sponsor with a qualifying water conservation project is eligible to receive an additional 100 points added to their priority score if the sponsor provides a water conservation plan in accordance with EPA's Water Conservation Plan Guidelines web site https://www3.epa.gov/watersense/pubs/guide.html , document number EPA-832-D-98-001. The sponsor must also demonstrate that the proposed project meets the objective of the conservation plan.						
9.	Total Priority Score. The total priority score equals the score. Calculate and complete a. through d. below.	Total Priority Score. The total priority score equals the base priority score plus the affordability score and water conservation score. Calculate and complete a. through d. below.						
	 a. Base priority score:points. b. Affordability score:points. c. Water conservation score:points. d. Total priority score:points (sum 	of items a. through c.)						
10. Estimated Project Cost. Complete a. through k. below, including loan amount requested. (Indicate \$0 if activity is not applicable)								
	Project Activity		<u>Cost</u>					
	a. Planning.							
	b. Design (not applicable if a D/B project).							
	c. Technical services per 62-552.300(3)(h), F.A.C., for p	planning and design.						
	d. Administration before bid opening (only include if no							
e. Eligible land (necessary land divided by total land times purchase price).								
	f. Constr., equip., material, demo. & related procuremen	f. Constr., equip., material, demo. & related procurement (include design if D/B project).						
	g. Administration during construction and after bid oper	ing.						
	h. Construction contingency (10% of 'f', only applicable	e for Design/Bid/Build projects).						
	i. Technical services during construction and after bid of	pening.						

j. As	set managemer	nt plan per	62-552.700(7), F.A.C.						<u> </u>
k. To	tal project cost	s (sum of a	. through j.).							_
Loan a	mount requeste	ed by the sp	oonsor in this	s RFI (assı	ume no pri	ncipal forg	giveness).	•		_
List all f	unding sources	for this pr	oject:	-						
11. Project	Schedule. Cor	nplete a. th	nrough d. bel	ow.						
<u>Project</u>	t Activity								(M/D/	YY)
a. Su	bmit planning o	documents.								
b. Su	bmit design/bio	d document	ts or RFQ/RI	FP for CM	AR & D/B	projects.				
c. Sta	art construction									
d. Co	mplete constru	ction.								
-	Information. Ill items that ar		_	nformatio	n, if applica	able.				
☐ DWS ☐ Detai ☐ MHI ☐ Wate	supporting doc r Conservation	an for a de edule show cumentation Plan, inclu	ssign or const ving plans/sp n if MHI not ading demon	truction location location complete taken from the stration that tive. I cer	an, not a petion in 1-yen the most at project retify that the	lanning or year of loa recent AC neets plan is form an	combine in execution execution consists of the construction constructi	d planning of a stimate of the stima	ng/design loan. combined planning f the U.S. Census we been completed	Bureau.
(signature)				(date) (e-mail)						
(print name)				(print t	itle)				
	npleted RFI for tate Revolving								orida Department -3000.	of Environmento
E 555	Project Number	Total Priority	Total Project	Pop	МНІ	SMHI	PF%	% of MR	Attachments Complete?	RFI Complete?
For DEP Use Only		Score	Cost						Yes No No	Yes No
Jan	DEP Comments:									